

Name/Number: \_\_\_\_\_

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## Virginia Indians STUDY GUIDE

Final on Oct. 23rd



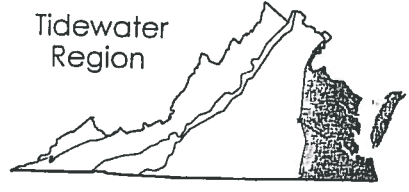






**Standard VS.2d:** SWBAT demonstrate knowledge of the physical geography and native peoples, past and present, of Virginia by locating three American Indian language groups on a map of Virginia.

Christopher Columbus called the people he found in the lands he explored Indians because he thought he was in the Indies (near China).

Artifacts such as arrowheads, pottery, and other tools that have been found tell a lot about the people who lived in Virginia.

Three major language groups

- Algonquian languages were spoken primarily in the Tidewater region; the Powhatan were part of this group.
- Siouan languages were spoken primarily in the Piedmont region; the Monacan were part of this group.
- Iroquoian languages were spoken in Southwestern and in Southern VA near what is today North Carolina; the Cherokee were part of this group

Spoken Language	Group of People	Location
<u>Algonquian</u> 	<u>Powhatan</u> 	Tidewater Region 
<u>Siouan</u> 	<u>Monacan</u> 	Piedmont Region 
<u>Iroquoian</u> 	<u>Cherokee</u> 	Southwestern Virginia Chowan Drainage Basin 

**Standard VS.2e:** SWBAT demonstrate knowledge of the physical geography and native peoples, past and present, of Virginia by describing how American Indians related to the climate and their environment to secure food, clothing, and shelter.

### Climate in Virginia

- The climate in Virginia is relatively mild with distinct seasons—spring, summer, fall, and winter—resulting in a variety of vegetation.

Forests, which have a variety of trees, cover most of the land. Virginia's Indians are referred to as Eastern Woodland Indians

### Environmental Connections

The kinds of 1) clothes they wore, the 2) shelters they had, and the 3) food they ate depended upon the seasons.

- 1) Animal skins / furs were used for clothing in the winter.
- 2) Shelter was made from materials around them
- 3) Food changed with the seasons.

Summer	Fall	Winter	Spring
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>Grew</u> crops <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>◦ <u>beans</u></li> <li>◦ <u>corn</u></li> <li>◦ <u>squash</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p>*Three Sisters</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>Harvested</u> crops</li> <li>• Hunted for foods to <u>preserve</u> and keep for the <u>winter</u></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hunted <u>birds</u> and <u>animals</u></li> <li>• Lived on <u>stored</u> foods from the previous fall.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <u>hunted</u> and <u>fished</u></li> <li>• <u>picked</u> <u>berries</u></li> </ul>

Today, most native peoples live like other Americans. Their cultures have changed over time.

**Standard VS.2f:** SWBAT demonstrate knowledge of the physical geography and native peoples, past and present, of Virginia by describing how archaeologists have recovered new material evidence through sites including Werowocomoco and Jamestown.

- Archeologists study all kinds of material evidence left from people of the past.
- Werowocomoco was a large Indian town used by Indian leaders for several hundred years before the English settlers came. It was the headquarters for the leader, Powhatan, in 1607.

- Jamestown became the first permenant English settlement in North America.
- Archeologists have discovered the site of the original fort. The recovered artifacts give archaeologists clues about the interactions of English, Africans, and Indians in early VA.

**Standard VS.2g:** SWBAT demonstrate knowledge of the physical geography and native peoples, past and present, of Virginia by identifying and locating the current state-recognized tribes.

- American Indians, who trace their family history back to before 1607, continue to live in all parts of Virginia today.

The current state-recognized tribes are located in the following regions:

Coastal

Region

- Cheroenhaka (Nottoway) Tribe
- Chickahominy tribe
- Eastern Chickahominy Tribe
- Mattaponi Tribe
- Nansemond Tribe
- Nottoway Tribe
- Pamunkey Tribe
- Patawomeck Tribe
- Rappahannock Tribe
- Upper Mattaponi Tribe

Piedmont

Region

- Monacan Tribe

